



Marsh Green Primary School

Design and Technology Policy

Aims and Objectives

Design and technology helps to prepare children for the developing world. The subject encourages children to become creative problem-solvers, both as individuals and as part of a team. Through the study of design and technology they combine practical skills with an understanding of aesthetic, social and environmental issues. Design and Technology helps all children to become discriminating and informed consumers and potential innovators. It should assist children in developing a greater awareness and understanding of how everyday products are designed and made.

The aims of design and technology in our school are:

- To develop imaginative thinking in children and to enable them to talk about what they like and dislike when designing and making;
- To enable children to talk about how things work, and to draw and model their ideas;
- To encourage children to select appropriate tools and techniques for making a product, whilst following safe procedures;
- To foster enjoyment, satisfaction and purpose in designing and making;
- To use computer software to assist our designing and learning.

Teaching and Learning Style

We use a variety of teaching and learning styles in design and technology lessons. Teachers ensure that the children apply their knowledge and understanding when developing ideas, planning and making products and then evaluating them. We do this through a mixture of whole class teaching and individual/group activities. All ideas will be treated with respect. Children critically evaluate their own work and that of others. They have the opportunity to use a wide range of materials and resources, including ICT.

Children will be given the opportunity to work within three main areas of development during each topic:

1. Investigative, disassembly and evaluative activities

These activities provide opportunities for the children to explore existing products and to gain skills, knowledge and understanding which can be applied in a design and make assignment.

2. Focused practical tasks

Focused practical tasks provide opportunities to learn and practice particular skills and knowledge.

3. Design and make assignments

A design and make assignment provides an opportunity for the children to combine their skills, knowledge and understanding to develop products that meet a real need. (In general DMAs in Key Stage One will tend to be shorter in duration and, as children move towards the end of Key Stage Two, their designing and making will become more complex and therefore more time consuming.)



In all classes there are children of differing ability. We recognise the fact and provide suitable learning opportunities for all children by matching the challenge of the task to the ability of the child.

Design and Technology Curriculum Planning

Where appropriate Design and Technology fits in with the general class topic to ensure deeper learning. We plan the activities in design and technology so that they build upon prior learning of the children. We give children of all abilities the opportunity to develop their skills, knowledge and understanding and we also build planned progression into the scheme of work, so that the children are increasingly challenged as they move through the school.

All pupils have access over the year to food technology at an appropriate level.

The Foundation Stage

We encourage the development of skills; knowledge and understanding that help Young Explorers, nursery and reception children make sense of their world as an integral part of the school's work. We relate the development of the children's knowledge and understanding to the statements set out in the Development Matters. These early experiences include asking questions about how things work, investigating and using a variety of construction kits, materials, tools and products, developing making skills and handling appropriate tools and construction material safely and with increasing control. These activities, indoors and outdoors, attract the children's interest and curiosity.

Assessment and Recording

Teachers assess work in design and technology by making observations of the children working during lessons. They record progress made against the learning objectives for that lesson. At the end of a unit, children undertake a review of their work that focuses upon an evaluation of the finished product and an overview of the various tasks undertaken. Teachers make an annual assessment of progress for each child, as part of the annual report to parents. Each teacher passes this information on to the next teacher at the end of each year.

Due to the practical nature of design and technology, evidence of work undertaken by children can be in the form of teacher's notes or as a photographic record. Samples of the design process and end product are also valuable evidence.

The design and technology subject coordinator can review evidence of the children's work through teacher's records.



Resources

Our school has a range of resources to support the teaching and learning of this subject across the school. Classrooms have a range of basic resources, with the more specialised equipment being kept in the art store.

Monitoring and Review

The monitoring of the standards of children's work and of the quality of teaching in design and technology is the responsibility of the design and technology subject coordinator. Their work also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of this subject, being informed about current developments in the subject, and providing a strategic lead and direction for the subject in the school. Lesson observations are also, occasionally, undertaken and the subject coordinator regularly reviews evidence of the children's work.

Design and Technology Policy Statement regarding the use of Food

When working with food:

- An adult will be required to supervise activities involving cooking and food handling/preparation.
- When undertaking food activities the appropriate Health and Safety Procedures must be adhered to.
- When working with food all children should follow personal hygiene guidance *Teachers should check the dietary needs of the children in their class to identify any foods that should not be available to specific children, or groups of children.
- Any perishable food should be stored in a fridge.
- Only the equipment for food use, should be used.
- Glass items should never be used.
- Only use equipment set aside to use with food.
- Set aside an area for children to wash their hands.
- Teachers taking part in any food activity should dress appropriately and follow the same procedures as the children with regard to any rules regarding personal hygiene.
- Ensure that all equipment is cleaned and put away.
- Ensure that all children use their own equipment when tasting food.